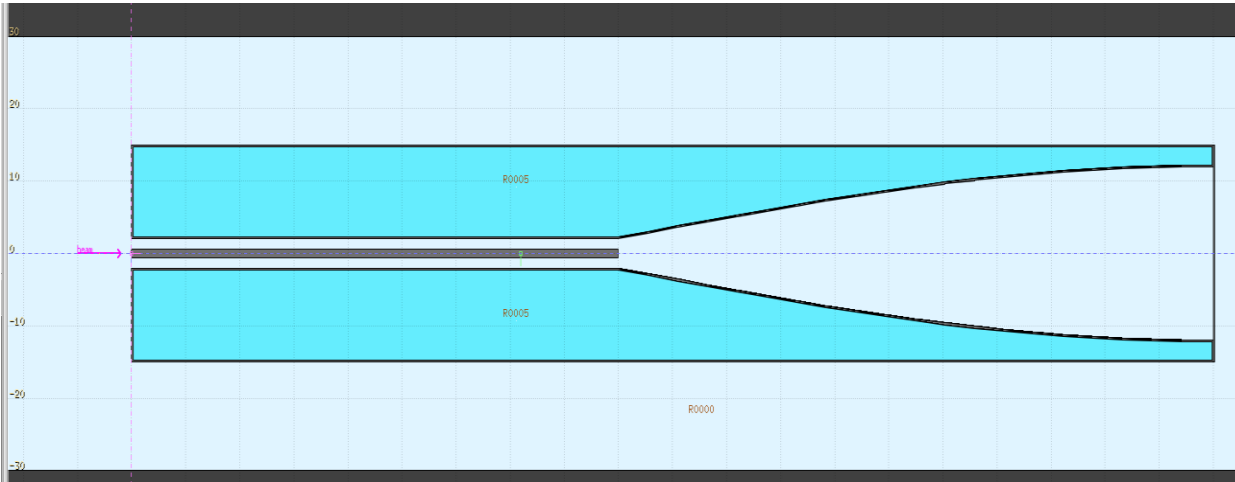

FLUKA Horn Simulation



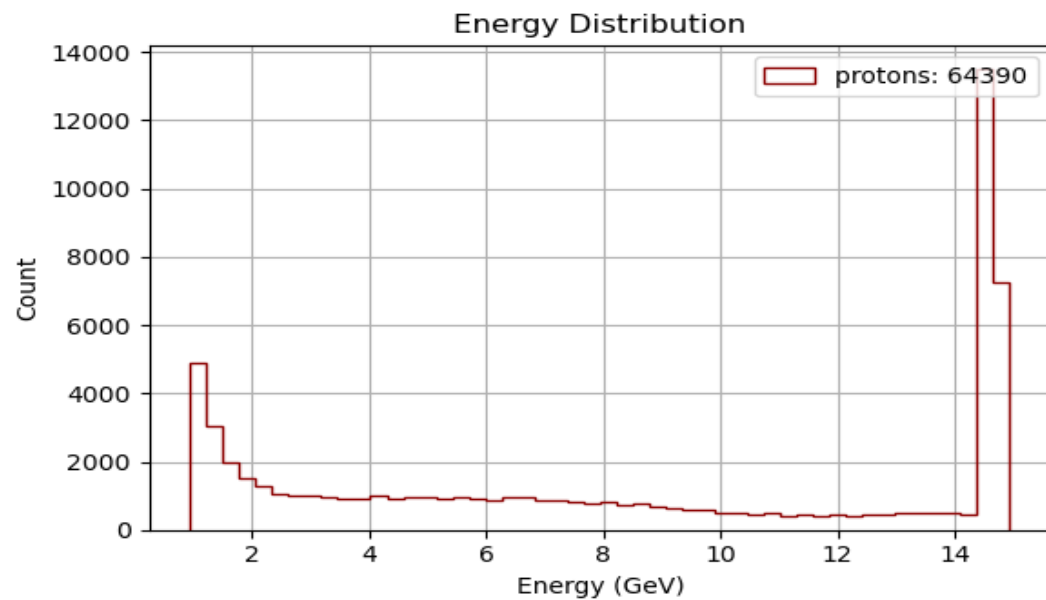
Prateek Rao

IMCC Horn Design

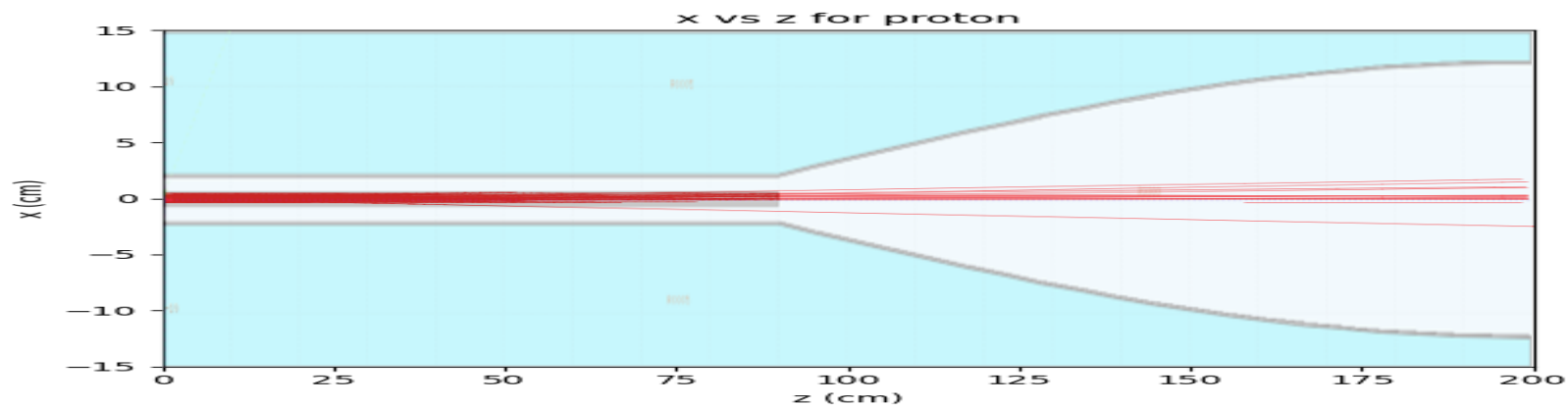


- 1. Design Parameters:
 - Target material: Graphite
 - Cylindrical target: $r = 0.6 \text{ cm}$
length = 90 cm
 - Neck region: 0 cm → 90 cm @ $r = 2 \text{ cm}$
 - Outer Cylinder: 200 cm @ $r = 15 \text{ cm}$
 - Parabolic section: spanning from $z = 90 \text{ cm} \rightarrow 200 \text{ cm}$
@ $2 \text{ cm} \leq r \leq 12 \text{ cm}$
 - Material Inside the conducting region: Argon (gas)
- 2. Beam Parameters:
 - Proton Beam @ 14 GeV at $z = -10 \text{ cm}$
 - Gaussian Beam: $\sigma = 0.47 \text{ cm}$

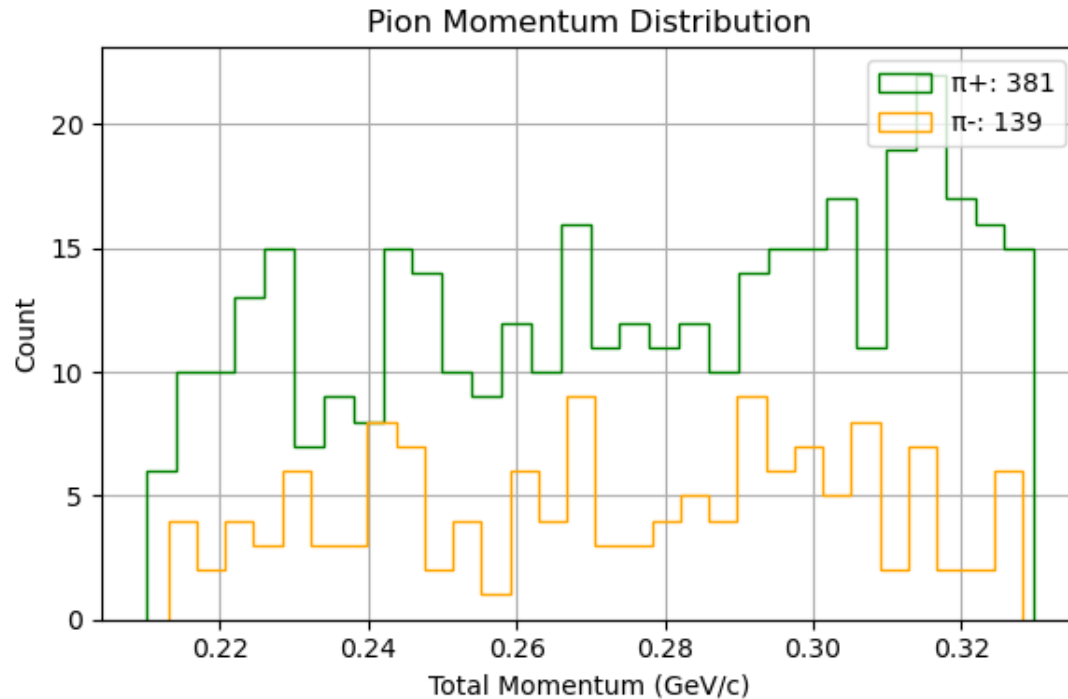
Proton Track



100,000 Primaries



100 Primaries



Beam Output

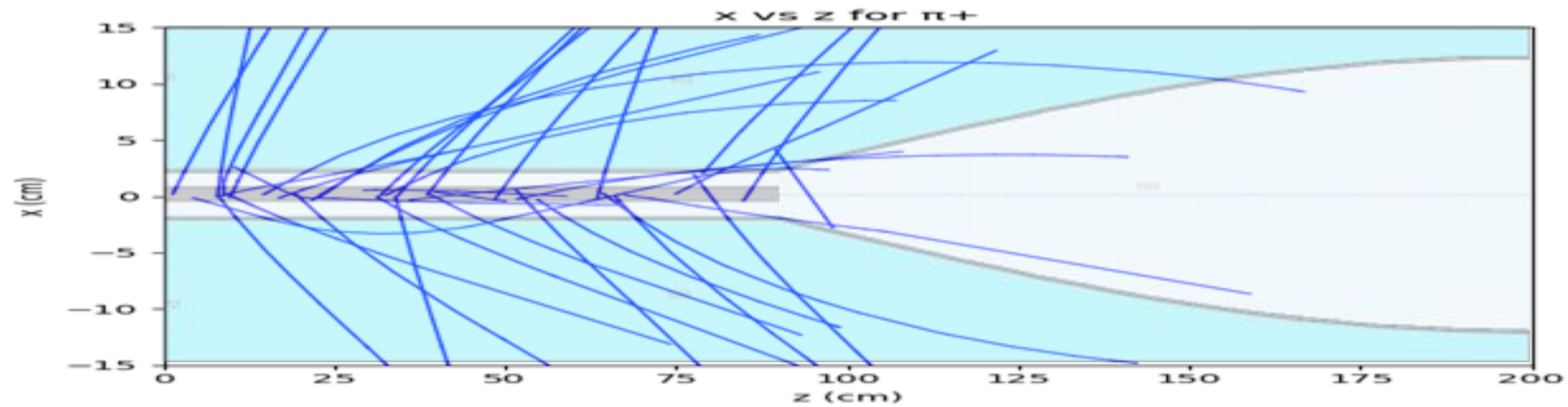
Left: Pions and muons with
 $210 \text{ MeV}/c \leq P \leq 330 \text{ MeV}/c$

1. Current = 220 kA

2. Pion yield (in 210-330 MeV/c range and 2 mm rad transverse acceptance): **$3.8 \times 10^{-3} \pi^+/\text{POT}$**

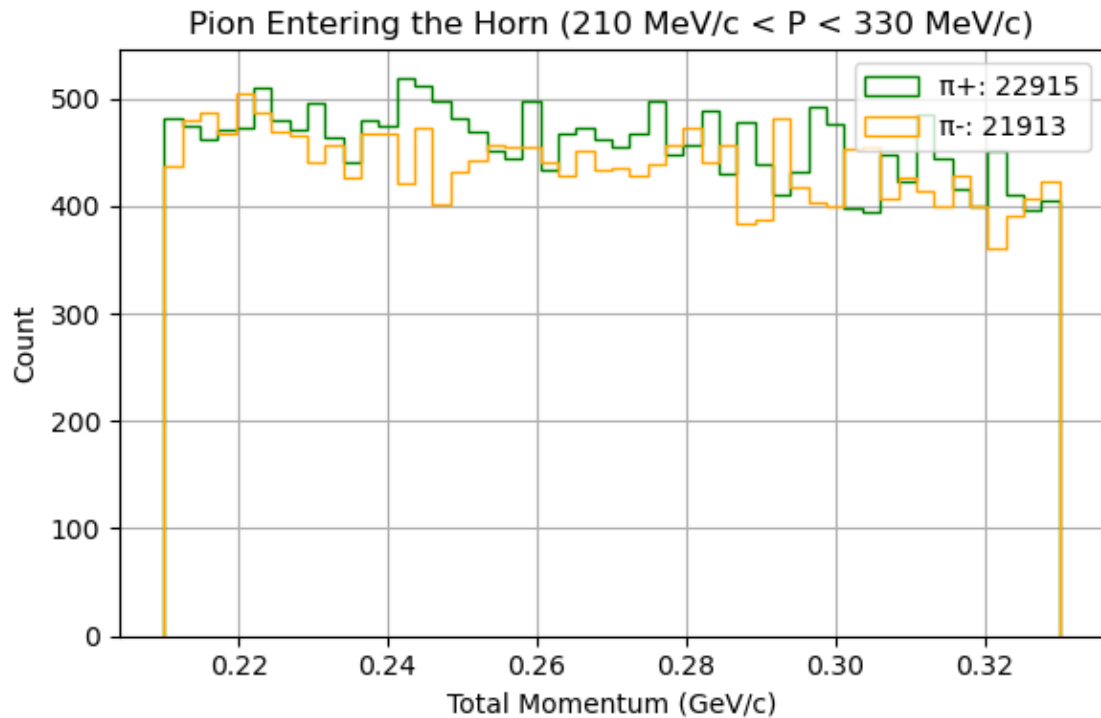
Comparison: In the Slides by Paul Jurj, Pion yield under similar constraints = **$7.9 \times 10^{-4} \pi^+/\text{POT}$**

Pion Tracks (with 100 primaries)



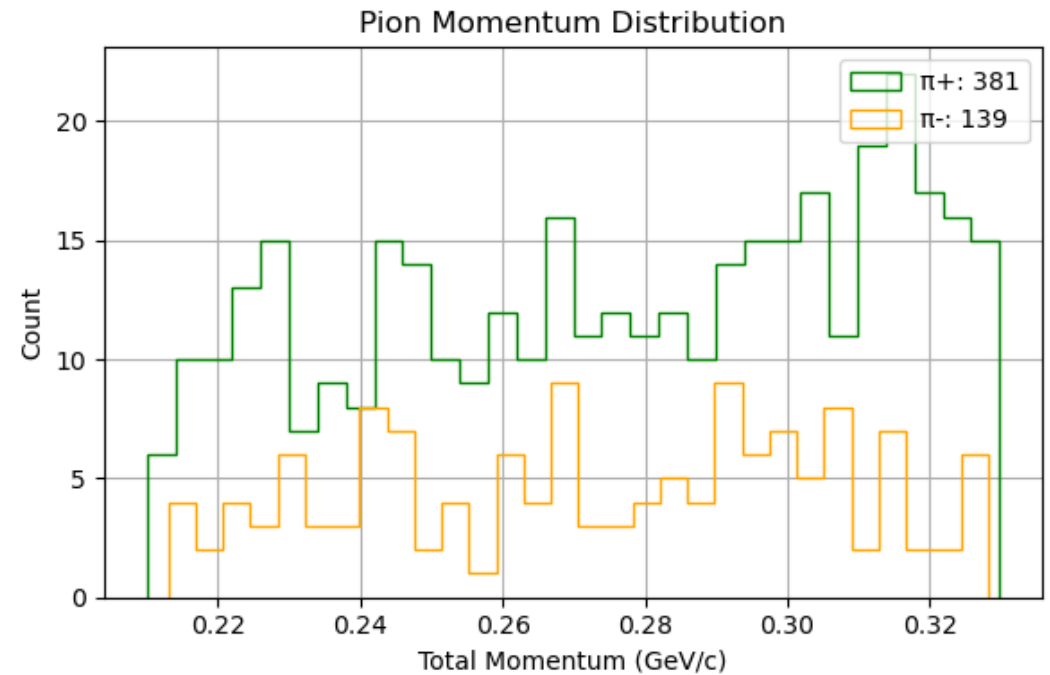
All the Pions (π^+) entering the Horn

Exiting the Target

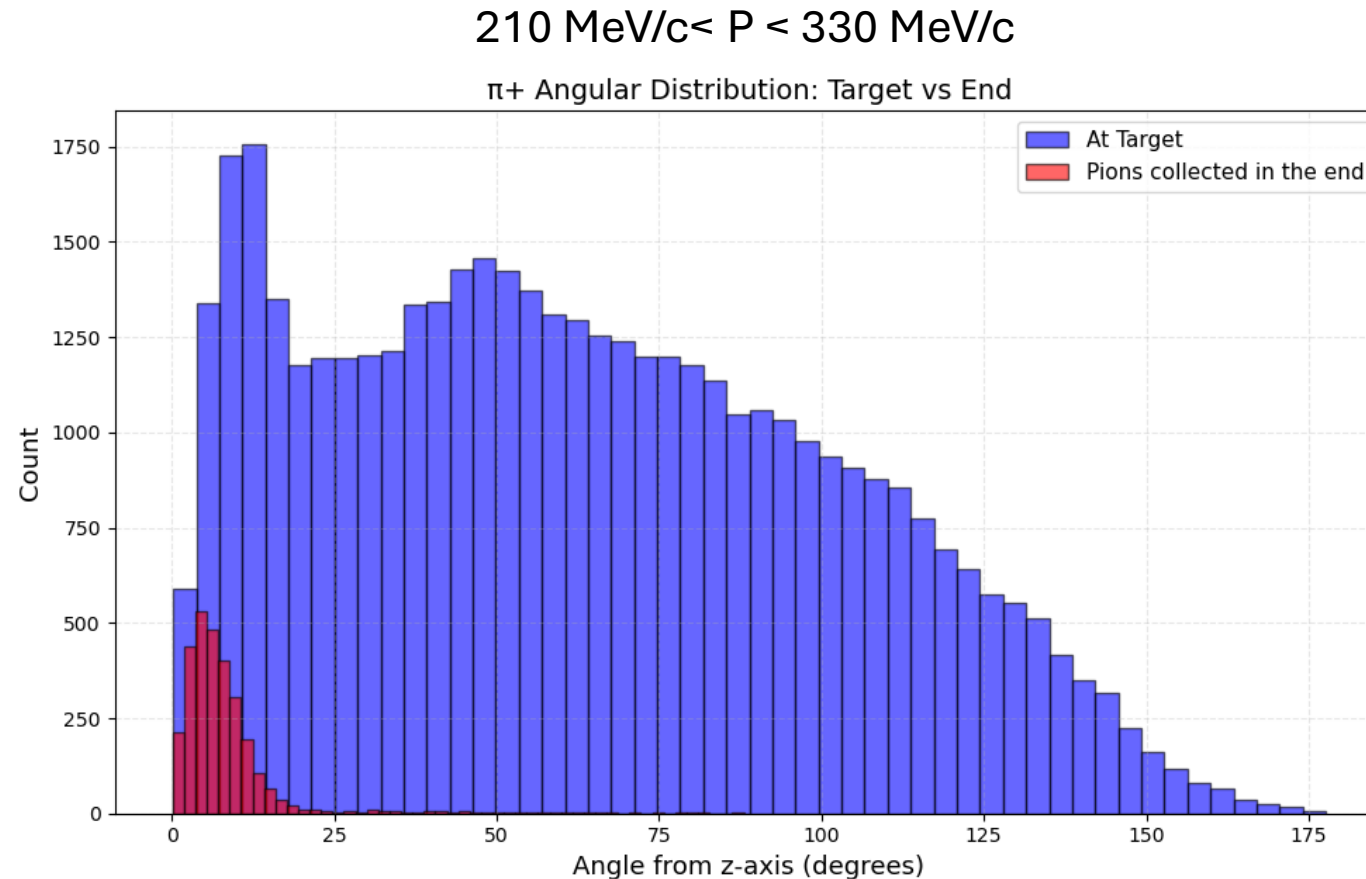


v/s

Exiting the Horn

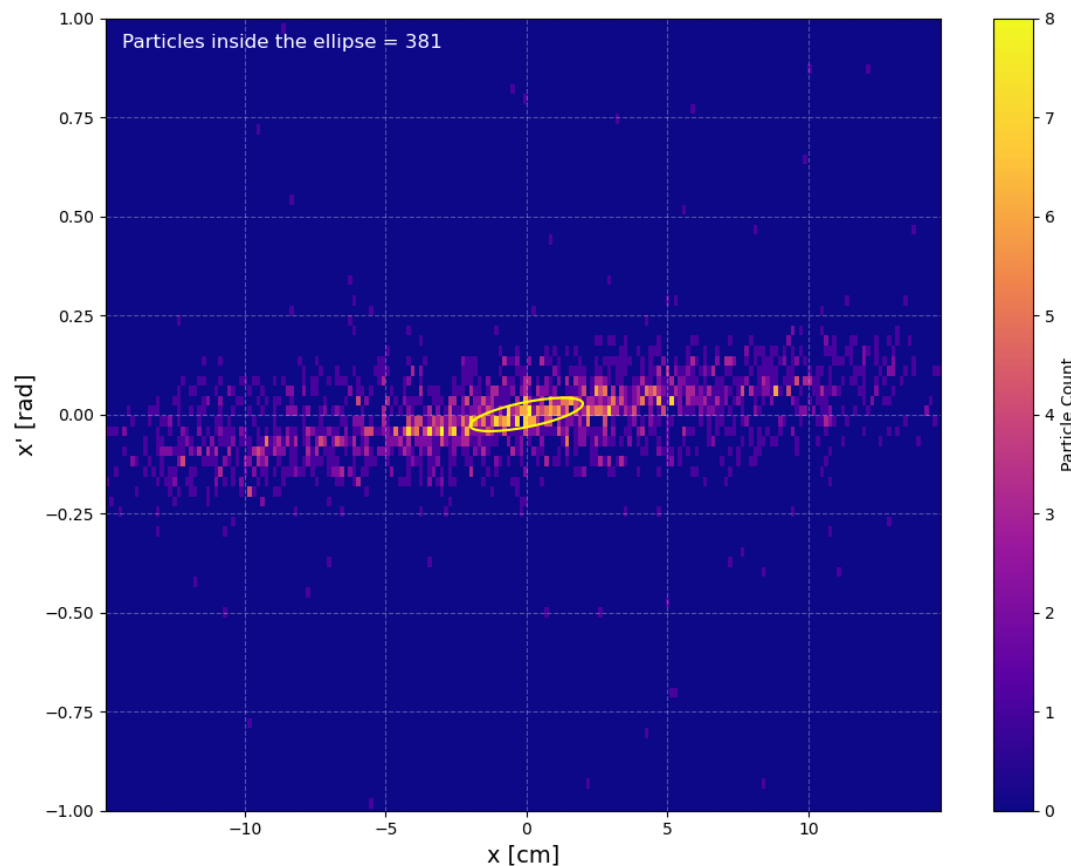


Pion Angular Distribution

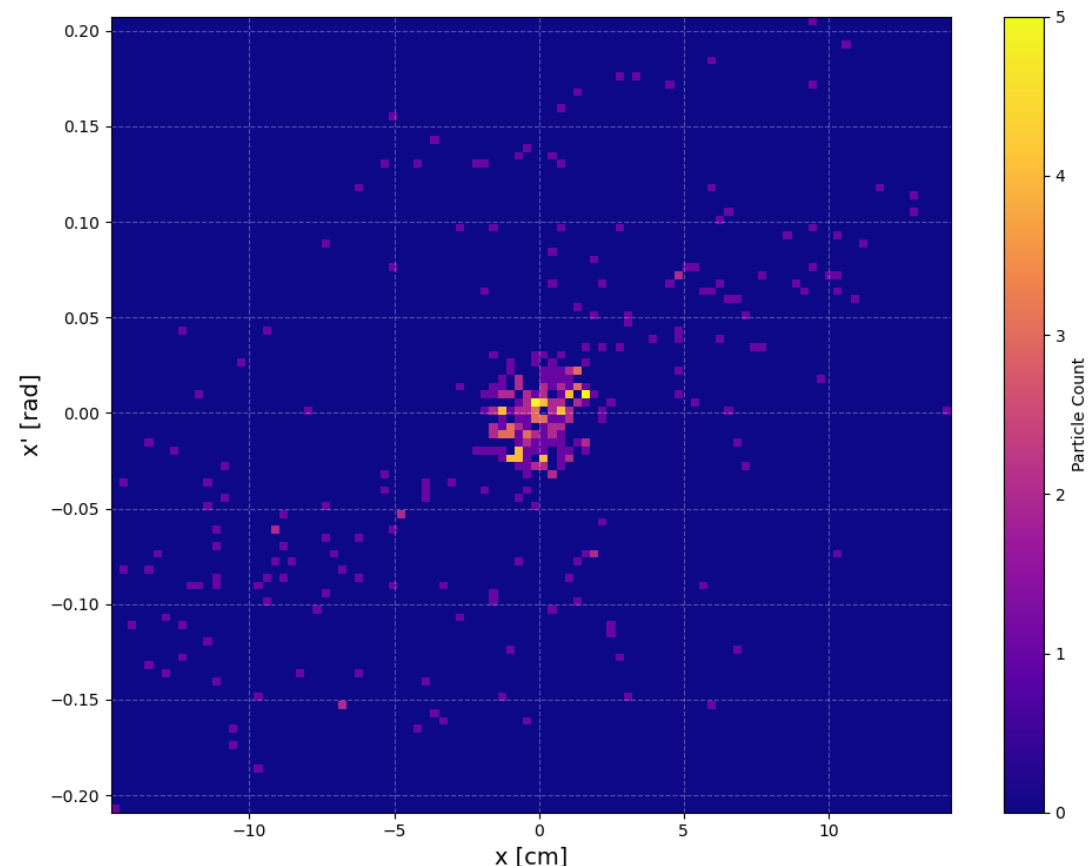


Pion Beam Phase Space

x vs x' with 2 mm·rad ellipse



x vs x' (particles inside ellipse)



Pion beam time structure

$(220 \text{ MeV}/c \leq P \leq 330 \text{ MeV}/c)$

